Cash Book Factsheet Dunedin Community Accounting



A free service for clubs, societies and other not-for-profits

What is a Cash Book?

- A Cash Book is essential to an organisation and records financial transactions.
- There are two common forms: A multi-column book or a computer spreadsheet.

Why keep a Cash Book? What is it used for?

- Keeps financially up to date and allows you to help control over your finances.
- It tells you:
 - How much money has been paid into the account.
 - Where the money came from.
 - What cheques have been paid out (to who and what).
 - > The total for the month or year for each individual type of income or expenditure e.g. rent.
 - > The total for the month or year for all receipts and payments.
 - The current bank balance.
- A Cash Book helps you when preparing monthly and annual accounts. Because information is up to date and easily accessible. Reporting to committee is easy.

Cash Book Controls

- 1. Cash Book should be kept in a secure (locked) place for safe keeping.
- 2. Treasurer should be the only person who has access to the cash book. Limited access is important so unauthorised changes can be avoided.
- 3. If electronic, remember to keep files secure. I.e. passwords and ALWAYS have a backup.
- 4. A Cash Book helps with preparing monthly and annual reports.
- 5. Having up to date information also helps when reporting back to the committee.

Petty Cash

- The petty cash book should be balanced at regular intervals. The balance in the petty cash will be the previous balance, plus any re-imbursements, minus the receipts as listed.
- Reimbursements from petty cash are subject to audit along with the organisation's other financial systems.
- Any cash received should be banked and not put into the petty cash.

¹ SOURCE: COMMUNITY RESOURCE KIT WWW.COMMUNITY.NET.NZ VERSION 1/OCTOBER 2006